

Miracles – The Definitions

The biblical definition of a miracle is *an extraordinary event wrought by the immediate power of God, serving as a supernatural sign that reveals His character, confirms His word, and advances His kingdom purpose*. In scripture, miracles are rarely random acts of power; they are deeply tied to divine revelation.

Psalms 77:14: "You are the God who does wonders; You have declared Your strength among the peoples."

In the NKJV, the word used is "*wonders*" (the Hebrew word **pele**), which perfectly captures the jaw-dropping, miraculous events that leave people completely in awe of God's supernatural intervention.

Using this precise NKJV rendering, we can build on our study by focusing on how God explicitly "declares His strength" through these wonders.

Tracing the Word "*Wonders*" to Jesus (The New Testament Connection)

Acts 2:22 "*Men of Israel, hear these words: Jesus of Nazareth, a Man attested by God to you by miracles, wonders, and signs which God did through Him in your midst, as you yourselves also know...*"

This verse perfectly links back to Psalm 77. Notice how Peter uses three distinct words to describe Jesus' earthly ministry:

- Miracles (**Dunamis**): Raw acts of divine power.
- Wonders (**Teras**): Events that appeal to the human mind, leaving people utterly astonished.
- Signs (**Semeion**): Fingerposts that point to His identity as Messiah and God incarnate.

A Deeper Definition of Miracles:

- **Dunamis** (Power / Might): This emphasizes the divine source of the miracle. It is an explosion of God's inherent omnipotence disrupting the natural order (e.g., the resurrection).
- **Semeion** (Sign): This emphasizes the purpose of the miracle. A miracle points beyond itself to a greater spiritual truth, validating God's messengers and pointing people to faith (e.g., Jesus turning water into wine to reveal His glory).
- **Teras** (Wonder / Marvel): This emphasizes the human reaction to the miracle. It leaves observers in absolute awe, shattering human logic and forcing them to recognize a higher authority.

To build a powerful, undeniable connection, let's look at how Jesus perfectly matched the supernatural resume of the God of the Old Testament. By examining these six specific examples, you will see that Jesus didn't just perform miracles; He proved He is the exact same "God who does wonders."